

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2019 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-I

	E ALL Γ-I(M(OWED: THREE HOURS CQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM M.PART-IIMAXIMUM M.		
NOT	E: (i) (ii) (iii)		rate Answer Book. m PART-II . ALL questions carry EQUAL r on must be attempted at one place instead o		eren
	(iv)	•	accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.		
	(IV) (V)	-	the answers. All the blank pages of Answe	r Book	must
	(vi) (vii)	Extra attempt of any question or any puse of calculator is allowed.	part of the question will not be considered.		
		<u>P</u>	ART-II		
Q. 2.	(a)	-	atomic model. Based on Bohr's calculation, the rotation of electrons in Hydrogen like	(8)	
	(b)	-	e dual nature of matter. Apply this equation operties of substances.	(6)	
	(c)	What are the postulates of Quantum		(6)	(20
Q. 3.	(a)	What is Third law of thermodyn entropies of substance.	amics? How it is used to determine the	(7)	
	(b)	Discuss the isothermal expansion of done due to expansion of a gas.	a gas and derive the equation for the work	(7)	
	(c)	Explain the law of corresponding sta	ntes.	(6)	(20
Q. 4.	(a)	Deduce the rate expression for 2^{nd} determs are same. What is the half-life	order reaction where both the concentration period for the 2nd order reaction?	(10)	
	(b)	What is activation energy? How it ca		(5)	
	(c)	Write a note on Transition state theo	bry of reaction rates.	(5)	(20
Q. 5.	(a)	Develop a relation among phase, c complete diagram for water system.	omponent and degree of Freedom. Draw a	(10)	
	(b)	1 0 1	ween positive and negative catalysis.	(6)	
	(c)	What is stoichiometry? Explain it w	ith help of examples.	(4)	(20
Q. 6.	(a)	State and explain Lowry-Bronsted t In what way Lewis theory differs fro	heory and Lewis theory of acids and bases. om Bronsted theory.	(8)	
	(b)	• •	why pH of a buffer solution does not change	(6)	
	(c)	What are indicators? How a suitable		(6)	(20
Q. 7.	(a)	Give an account of phenomena of suitable example.	isomerism in co-ordination compound with	(8)	
	(b)	Describe the extraction of thorium f	rom mozite sand.	(6)	
	(c)	Compare the properties of lanthanid	es and actinides?	(6)	(20
Q. 8.	(a) (b)	Explain Kohlrausch's Law? Give its What is meant by transport num	applications. ber of ions? Give different methods for	(7) (7)	
	(b) (c)	determination of transport number.	it can be determined by using Wheatstone	(7) (6)	(20
		bridge?	it can be determined by using wheatstolle	(0)	(20



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Roll Number

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

TIME ALLO PART-I(MC		THREE HOURS MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MA MAXIMUM MA		
NOTE: (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (v) (vi) (vi)	Attemp All the places. Write 0 No Pag be cross Extra a	I is to be attempted on the separ- of ONLY FOUR questions from parts (if any) of each Question Q. No. in the Answer Book in ac ge/Space be left blank between used. attempt of any question or any p Calculator is allowed.	n PART-II . ALL question n must be attempted at or ccordance with Q. No. in t the answers. All the blan	ne place instead of he Q.Paper. k pages of Answer	at diff	
		<u>P</u>	<u>ART – II</u>			
Q. No. 2.	(a) (b) (c)	Elaborate the optical isomerism Express the resolution and its a Explain the geometric isomeris	applications.	les.	(10) (5) (5)	(20)
Q. No. 3.	(a)	Prepare a plausible synthesis for A. \square		ansformation:	(12)	
	(b) (c)	F. Explain the type of hybridization Mention any three methods for			(4) (4)	(20)
Q. No. 4.	(a)	Describe the necessary cond benzene into the following. Nitrobenzene, Ethyl ber Benzoic acid, and Chlorobenze	nzene, cyclohexane,	uired to convert Benz-aldehyde,	(8)	
	(b)	Draw all possible structures of arc containing the benzene ring.	omatic compounds with the	formula C_9H_{12}	(6)	
	(c)	How do you account for the by electrophiles than nitrobenz	-	re easily attacked	(6)	(20)
Q. No. 5.	(a)		nanism for the following r promoethane and NaOH. 2-chloro-2-methyl propan		(8)	
	(b)	Discuss the various factors, nature	• • •		(8)	
	(c)	group in SN2 reaction. How does methyl iodide react Acetic acid, Mg, Alcoholic KC		ts?	(4)	(20)

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-B

Q. No. 6.	(a)	Describe two methods for preparation of salicylic acid? How would you convert it into (a) Phenol, (b) Salol, (c) Benzoic acid and (d) Aspirin? Give its at least two medicinal uses.	(10)	
	(b)	How will you obtain the following from suitable mono carboxylic acid? (a) Iso-butane (b) Butanone (c) Benzamide (d) Propionaldehyde.	(6)	
	(c)	Describe the mechanism of esterification of an acid.	(4)	(20)
Q. No. 7.	(a)	An unknown substance shows a molecular ion peak at $m/z=170$ with a relative intensity of 100. The M+1 peak has relative intensity of 13.2 and the M+2 peak has an intensity of 1.00. What is the molecular formula for this substance?	(10)	
	(b) (c)	Mention the various tools to interpret the mass spectra. What is the nitrogen rule? Explain it with suitable examples.	(5) (5)	(20)
Q. No. 8.	(a) (b) (c)	Elucidate the various steps involved in Glycolysis. Express the role of ATP in Glycolysis. Describe the pathway that leads to the formation of Lactic acid.	(12) (4) (4)	(20)

